What to do if you think you or your child has head lice

- Use an over the counter or prescription medication to kill the lice. Always follow the instructions on the product carefully, to limit any possible negative effects
- If lice do not seem to be dying or seem as active as before the treatment is applied, do not retreat until speaking with a healthcare provider.
- Use a nit comb to remove nits and lice from the hair
- Continue to check the hair and comb hair with a nit comb for 2-3 weeks after treatment to ensure all lice and nits are gone





Things to remember

- Anyone can get head lice
- Head lice are not related to personal cleanliness or hygiene
- Head lice can occur in anyone, regardless of socio-economic status

For more information: Darke County General Health District 300 Garst Avenue Greenville, OH 45331 Phone: 937-548-4196 Fax: 937-548-9654

www.darkecountyhealth.org

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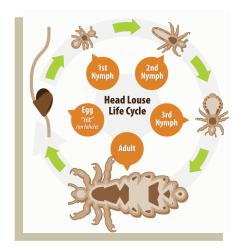


Head Lice



What are Head Lice?

- Insects, related to chicken lice, bird lice and body lice
- Survive by feeding on blood
- Are usually found in hair and along the scalp
- Adult lice can live ~ 30 days
- Females can lay up to 10 eggs a day, which she glues to the hair
- Eggs are small, and are called nits
- 3 life stages egg, nymph, and adult
- Head lice are not known to transmit disease



Where do Head Lice Come From?

- Humans are the only source of head lice.
- You cannot get head lice from dogs, cats, chickens or other animals

How do you get Head Lice?

Head lice are extremely temperature dependent, and cannot live very long away from their host.

These are some ways you can get lice:

- Close direct scalp to scalp contact with someone who has lice, such as sleepovers, camp, playgrounds, and sports activities
- Sharing hats, hair ribbons, and brushes
- Getting lice is not related to hygiene or personal cleanliness
- Hair length and shampoo frequency does not influence the risk of getting head lice
- There are 6 12 million cases of lice each year in the United States

Symptoms of Head Lice

- Tickling feeling in the hair, or the feeling something is moving in the hair
- Sleeplessness
- Itchiness of the scalp and hair
- Sores on the head caused by scratching
- Small white or pale yellow nits (lice eggs) attached to hair shafts close to the scalp
- Adult lice around scalp especially the back of the head or behind the ears.
- Occasionally head lice can be found on the eyebrows or eyelashes



Head lice with a penny for reference